

Product name: Fonditalia Core 2

Legal entity identifier 5493000G7414YEHNL845

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

☒ ☐ Yes

☐ It made **sustainable investments with an environmental objective**: _%

☐ in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

☐ in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

☐ It made **sustainable investments with a social objective**: _%

☒ ☐ No

☒ It promoted **Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics** and while it did not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it had a proportion of 22.98% of sustainable investments

☐ with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

☒ with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

☒ with a social objective

☐ It promoted E/S characteristics, but **did not make any sustainable investments**

To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

The financial product promoted environmental and social characteristics without committing to invest a minimum share in sustainable investments.

The main environmental and social characteristics promoted by the Sub-fund through the Management Company's ESG methodology were the following:

- Environmental: climate change prevention (in terms for example of reduction of carbon emission, carbon footprint, climate change vulnerability), pollution & waste prevention (with reference to toxic emissions & waste, packaging material & waste, electronic waste), environmental opportunities (in clean tech, in renewable energy).

- Social: human capital (labor management, health & safety, human capital development, supply chain labor standards), product liability (product safety & quality, chemical safety, consumer financial protection, privacy & data security, responsible investment, health & demographic risk), social opportunities (access to communications, access to finance, access to health care, opportunities in nutrition & health), stakeholder opposition (controversial sourcing, community relations).

Such environmental and social characteristics are pursued through the investment of 83.20% of the

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of **environmentally sustainable economic activities**. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

● ***How did the sustainability indicators perform?***

The indicator used to measure the attainment of the environmental and social characteristics promoted by the financial product is the minimum percentage of the financial product's portfolio invested in funds that satisfy the conditions to be categorized as article 8 (products that promote environmental and social characteristics or a combination of such) or article 9 funds (products that have a sustainable investment objective) according to the SFDR . Such funds have been selected from the investible universe as defined by the qualitative and quantitative analysis of the Management Company.

The percentage of the portfolio invested in article 8 or article 9 funds is, as of August 2025, 76.61% in comparison to the minimum threshold of 50%.

● ***...and compared to previous periods?***

The proportion of investments in funds that satisfy the article 8 criteria (products that promote social or environmental characteristics), or the article 9 criteria (products that promote a socially or environmentally sustainable investment objective) criteria was 76.61% as of 31/08/2025, in comparison to 83.20% on the 31/08/2024.

● ***What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?***

Not applicable, the product promotes environmental and social characteristics but does not have a sustainable investment objective.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters.

● ***How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?***

Not applicable, the product promotes environmental and social characteristics but does not have a sustainable investment objective.

— ***How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?***

Not applicable, the product promotes environmental and social characteristics but no commitment to make investments with a sustainable objective has been made.

— ***Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:***

Not applicable, the product promotes environmental and social characteristics but does not have a sustainable investment objective.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a “do not significant harm” principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The “do no significant harm” principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The Management Company specifically considered the following principal adverse impact (“PAI”) indicators: Carbon emission (Scope 1 + 2); GHG intensity of investee companies; Violations of UNGC principles and OECD guidelines for Multinational Enterprises; Exposure to controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster ammunitions, chemical and biological weapons). For government bonds and supranationals: GHG intensity and Investee Countries subject to social violations.

The Sub-fund’s Management Company verified the PAI data through a periodic monitoring report, where the values of the indicators are consulted at product level and, where present and possible, at the respective benchmark level to include this information in the investment decision-making process.

However, considering the large variability of PAI data at sectoral and geographical level, as well as their retrospective nature, no thresholds or stringent limits are set at portfolio level.

In addition, with regard to investment in Target Funds, particular attention will be paid to prioritise, where possible, target funds with PAI aligned with those identified by the Company at the entity level and / or for specific products.



What were the top investments of this financial product?

The list includes the investments constituting **the greatest proportion of investments** of the financial product during the reference period which is:
31/08/2025 - 31/08/2025

Largest Investments	Sector	% Assets	Country
D-X MSCI US SCR D UCITS ETF	-	13.01%	Luxembourg
INTERFUND-BOND GLBL EM MKTS	-	9.48%	Luxembourg
INTERFUND-EURO BOND MED TERM	-	6.05%	Luxembourg
L&G EM MK GOV BOND US-CEURAH	-	5.86%	Ireland
INTERFUND-EURO BND SHT T 3-5	-	5.77%	Luxembourg
SPDR FTSE G ETF USD UHD DIST	-	5.14%	Ireland
INTERFUND TEAM EQUITY USA-A	-	5.06%	Luxembourg
INTERFUND TEAM EQU EUROPE	-	4.58%	Luxembourg
INTERFUND-EUR CORPORATE BOND	-	4.56%	Luxembourg
EURIZON FD-TOP EURO RESEAR-Z	-	4.45%	Luxembourg
INTERFUND-EQUITY EUROPE	-	4.22%	Luxembourg
INTERFUND-EQTY GLB EMG MKTS	-	3.88%	Luxembourg
INTERFUND-EURO BD SHT TRM1-3	-	3.17%	Luxembourg
D-X MSCI EUROP SCR UCITS ETF	-	3.07%	Luxembourg
JPM EUROPE REI ACT UCITS ETF	-	2.35%	Ireland



What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

Asset allocation

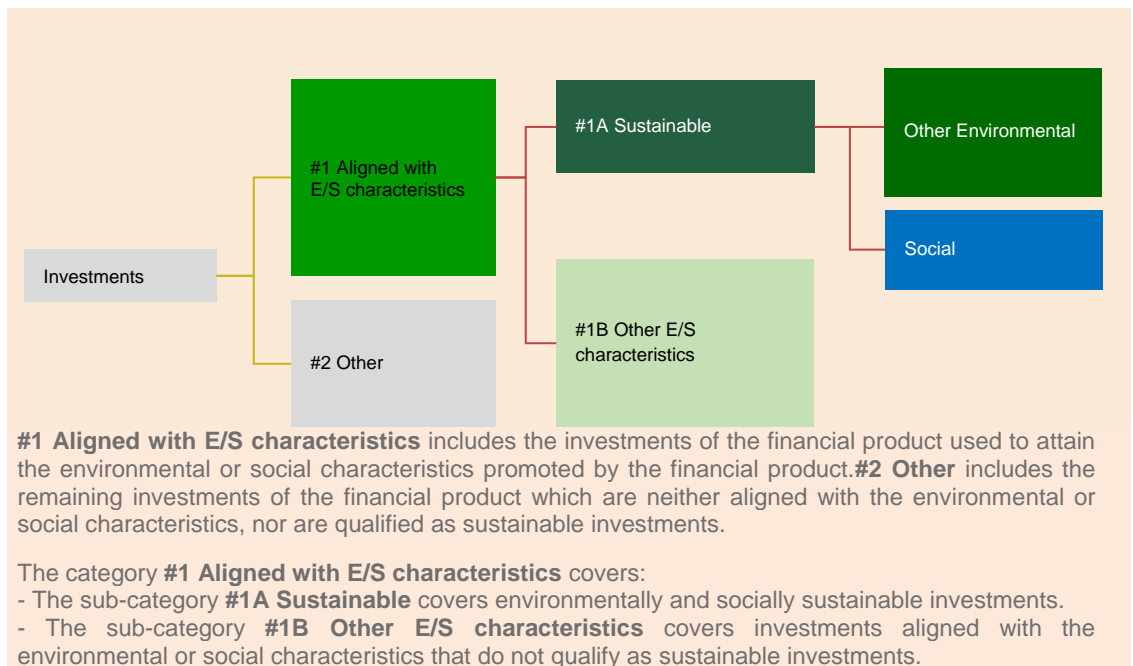
describes the share of investments in specific assets.

What was the asset allocation?

In accordance with the binding element of the investment strategy adopted for promoting the environmental and social characteristics, the proportion of the investments in Article 8 and Article 9 funds at 31/08/2025 was 76.61% in comparison to the minimum threshold of at least 50% of the portfolio (box #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics).

The remaining proportion (23.39% corresponding to the box #2 Other) of the investments (not included in the investments for promoting environmental or social characteristics) should be limited to:

- Target Funds that fall within the investable universe and yet are not classified as Art. 8 SFDR nor Art. 9 SFDR;
- cash and cash equivalent instruments which may be held as ancillary liquidity or for risk hedging;
- derivatives which may be held for hedging and efficiency portfolio management but not for promoting environmental and social characteristic;
- securities for which relevant data is not available.



In which economic sectors were the investments made?

Sector	Sub-sector	% Assets
-	-	90.89%
FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES	K	8.83%
MINING AND QUARRYING	B	0.00%

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental



To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Investments in environmentally sustainable economic activities aligned with the EU taxonomy represented 0,0% of the portfolio.

Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy

objective.
Transitional activities are economic activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and that have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:
 - **turnover** reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies.
 - **capital expenditure (Capex)** showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
 - **operational expenditure (Opex)** reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy? ¹

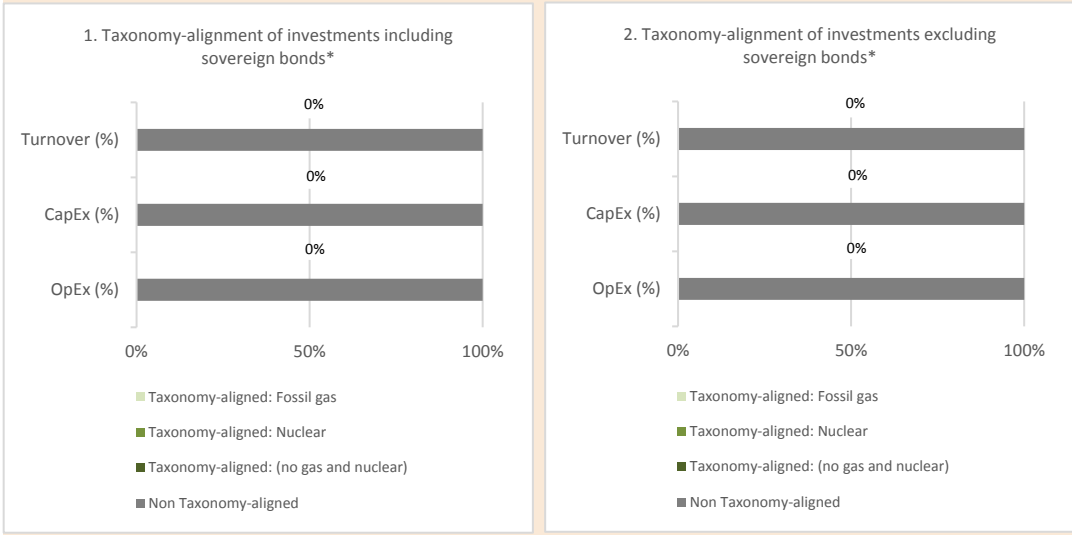
☐ Yes

☐ In fossil gas

☐ In nuclear energy

☒ No

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



This graph represents 100.00 % of the total investment.

*For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures

● **What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?**

The share of investments in transitional and enabling activities was 0%.

● **How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?**

Not applicable, the financial product does not have a commitment to invest in activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the**



What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Not applicable, the financial product does not have sustainable investment objectives.

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

Not applicable, the financial product does not have sustainable investment objectives.



What investments were included under “other”, what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

Investment included under “2 Other” may be Target Funds that belong to the investable universe selected through the internal ESG Due Diligence analysis and yet are not classified as Art. 8 and Art. 9 SFDR. The remaining portfolio may also hold instruments not subject to the ESG integration process such as cash and cash equivalent instruments and derivatives used for hedging and efficient portfolio management. This category may also include securities for which relevant data is not available. There are no guarantees on the respect of the minimum environmental and social safeguards criteria regarding the investments under the category “#2 Others”.



What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

Actions taken during the reference period to meet environmental and social characteristics followed by the Management Company are the following:

ESG screening and monitoring of Target Funds:

The investment perimeter is limited to Target Funds belonging to the investable universe identified through a Due Diligence analysis performed by the Management Company to evaluate the level of integration of environmental, social and corporate governance factors into the Policy and investment process of the third-party asset managers of the Target Funds.

Integration of ESG factors:

The integration of ESG factors is promoted through a minimum percentage of investments in UCIs classified as Art. 8/9 SFDR equal to at least 50% of the total composition of the portfolio. The selected Target Funds belong to the investable universe defined by the internal Due Diligence analysis.

To this aim, the Management Company acquires information directly from third-party fund houses and/or through specialized info providers (e.g. Bloomberg, Morningstar, MSCI).



How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

Not applicable

● **How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?**

Not applicable

● **How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the environmental or social characteristics promoted?**

Not applicable

● **How did this financial product perform compared with the reference**

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

benchmark?

Not applicable

- ***How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index?***

Not applicable